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Strawberry—Weed Survey

Supplement to UC IPM Pest Management Guidelines: Strawberry

For Print Use Only

Grower_____ **Date of survey**_____

Field location_____ **Date planted**_____ **Previous crop**_____

Mechanical Control/Herbicide/Application Date_____

Comments_____

Directions

- Walk through each field in a random pattern, rating the degree of infestation for each weed species on your weed survey form. Either use a numeric scale of 1 to 5, or rate weed species as "light," "medium," or "heavy."
- Check fencerows, ditch banks, field edges, and wet spots as these may be problem areas for weed growth.
- Note the location of weeds producing seeds.
- Check areas around the field edges, as these areas could be potential sources for wind-disseminated seeds.
- Pay particular attention to perennial weeds.
- Sketch a map of the field and mark areas with where major weed infestation.
- Record your results below.

Information collected over a period of years tells you how weed populations are changing and how effective your management operations have been.

Weed	Rating	Seedling or mature
Summer annual broadleaves		
fleabane, hairy		
horseweed		
goosefoot, nettleleaf		
lambsquarters, common		
pigweeds		
purslane, common		
puncturevine		
Summer annual grass		
barnyardgrass		
Winter annual broadleaves		
chickweed, common		
filarees		
mallow, little (cheeseweed)		
mustards		
nettle, burning		

Weed	Rating	Seedling or mature
Winter annual grasses		
barley, hare (wild)		
bluegrass, annual		
ryegrass, Italian		
wild oat		
Winter or summer annual broadleaves		
burr clovers		
cudweed		
groundsel, common		
milkthistle		
pineappleweed		
prickly lettuce		
sowthistle		
Biennial		
sweetclovers		
Perennials		
bermudagrass		
bindweed, field		
nutsedge, yellow		

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Map of your field

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